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Solution: This problem involves conversion of a mass fraction. Since volume does not enter in to the solution the density is irrelevant. Instead, we can write

$$
\mathrm{x}_{2}=\frac{\mathrm{mf}_{2} / \mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{m}, 2}}{\mathrm{mf}_{1} / \mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{m}, 1}+\mathrm{mf}_{2} / \mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{m}, 2}}
$$

Where $\mathrm{mf}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{mf}_{2}$ are the mass fractions of solvent and solute, respectively. $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{m}, 1}$ and $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{m}, 2}$ are the molar masses.

Calculate the mole fraction of ethanol in octane in a $10 \%$ by mass mixture.

Upon substitution we find

$$
0.215=\frac{0.1 / 46}{0.9 / 114+0.1 / 46}
$$

Where we have made the calculation of the molar masses for octane

$$
\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{m}, 1}=8(12)+18=114 \mathrm{amu}
$$

and ethanol

$$
M_{m, 2}=2(12)+16+6=46 a m u
$$

