

# Number of moles of $O_2$ in a cylinder

An internal combustion engine works on the principle that a small volume of fuel is combusted to create a hot gas. When the piston in a 0.5 liter cylinder is compressed the volume is very small (approx. 0.02 liter). This is typical for 6 cylinder 3.0 liter engine. How many moles of  $O_2$  gas are present in that volume at 298 K?

# Number of moles of O<sub>2</sub> in a cylinder

How many moles of O<sub>2</sub> are present in 0.02 L at 298 K?

Solution: Use the ideal gas law and solve for n.

$$n = \frac{PV}{RT} = \frac{(0.2 \text{ atm})(0.02 \text{ L})}{\left(0.08206 \frac{\text{Latm}}{\text{molK}}\right)(298 \text{ K})}$$
$$= 1.64 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol}$$

Note that we used 0.2 atm for O<sub>2</sub> since that is the partial pressure of O<sub>2</sub> at sea level.